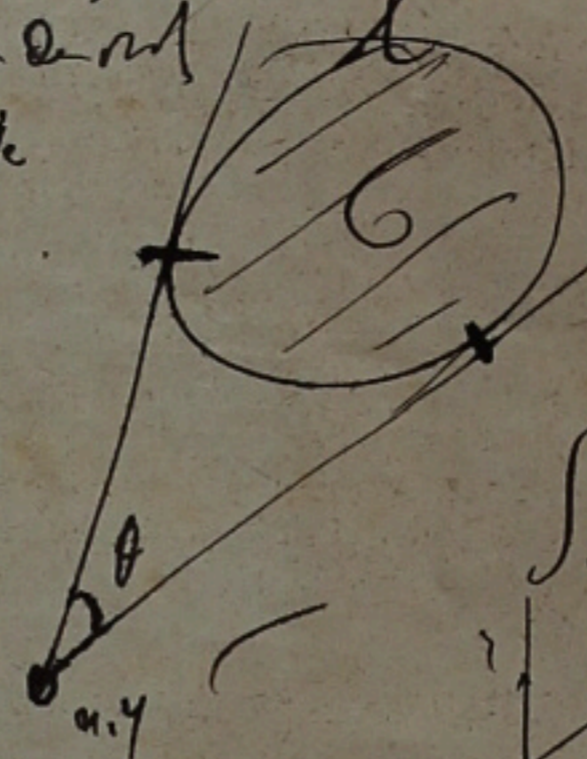
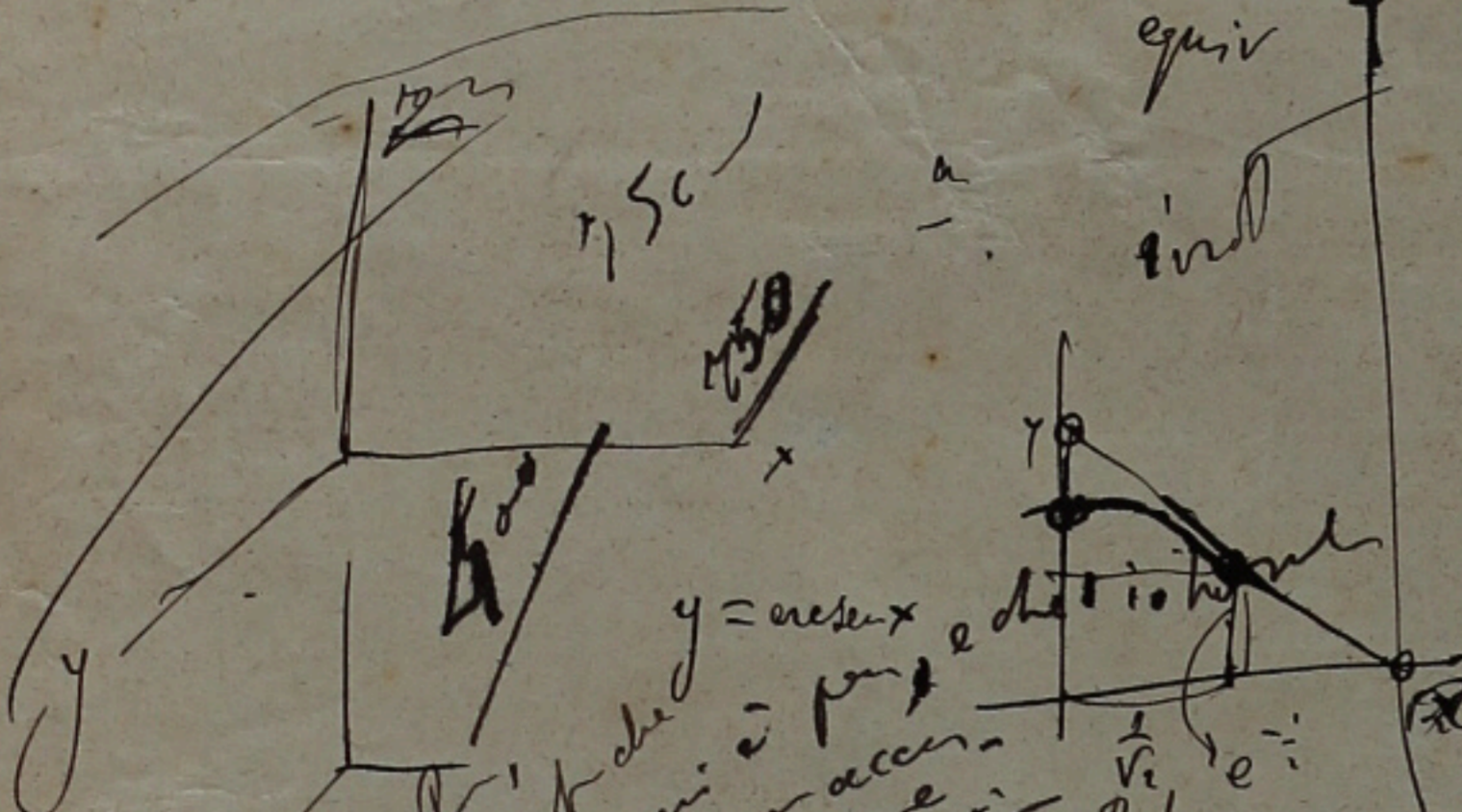


Professore ordinario di Mat.

3

Mr. ...
Via S. Felice 32
Napoli (mar.)
Monza (vivaroli).

Via S. Felice 32



$$\iint (a-b) dx dy = \frac{1}{2} l \cdot ab$$

$y = a \cos x$
 $y' = -a \sin x$
 $y'' = -a \cos x$
 $y''' = a \sin x$
 $y^{(4)} = a \cos x$
 $y^{(4)} = -e^{-x} \cdot 2 + e^{-x} \cdot 4x$
 $2x^2 = 1$
 $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $y' = -e^{-x} \cdot \sqrt{2}$
 $y = e^{-x} \cdot (x - \sqrt{2})$
 $x = \sqrt{2}$

Scientifica
Anno

$$1 = \cos \frac{\omega}{2}$$

$$l = 2\pi$$

 $b = \pi$

$$\iint (a-b) dx dy = \frac{1}{2} l \cdot a - \pi = \pi$$

$$x=1, w=\pi$$

 $x=0, w=0$

$$\iint (a-b) dx dy = \pi$$

$$r = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$dr = -\frac{a \cdot \frac{1}{2}}{2r^2} dw$$

$$\iint (w-aw) r dr d\theta = \pi$$

$$\int d\theta \int_0^{\infty} (w-aw) r dr = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

points

points
W. Dyck



$$w = \cos \frac{\omega}{2}$$

$$\sin \frac{\omega}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos \frac{\omega}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4}}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} (w-aw) \frac{\cos \frac{\omega}{2}}{\sin \frac{\omega}{2}} dw = \pi$$

$$+ \cot \frac{\omega}{2}$$

$$+ \cot \frac{\omega}{2}$$

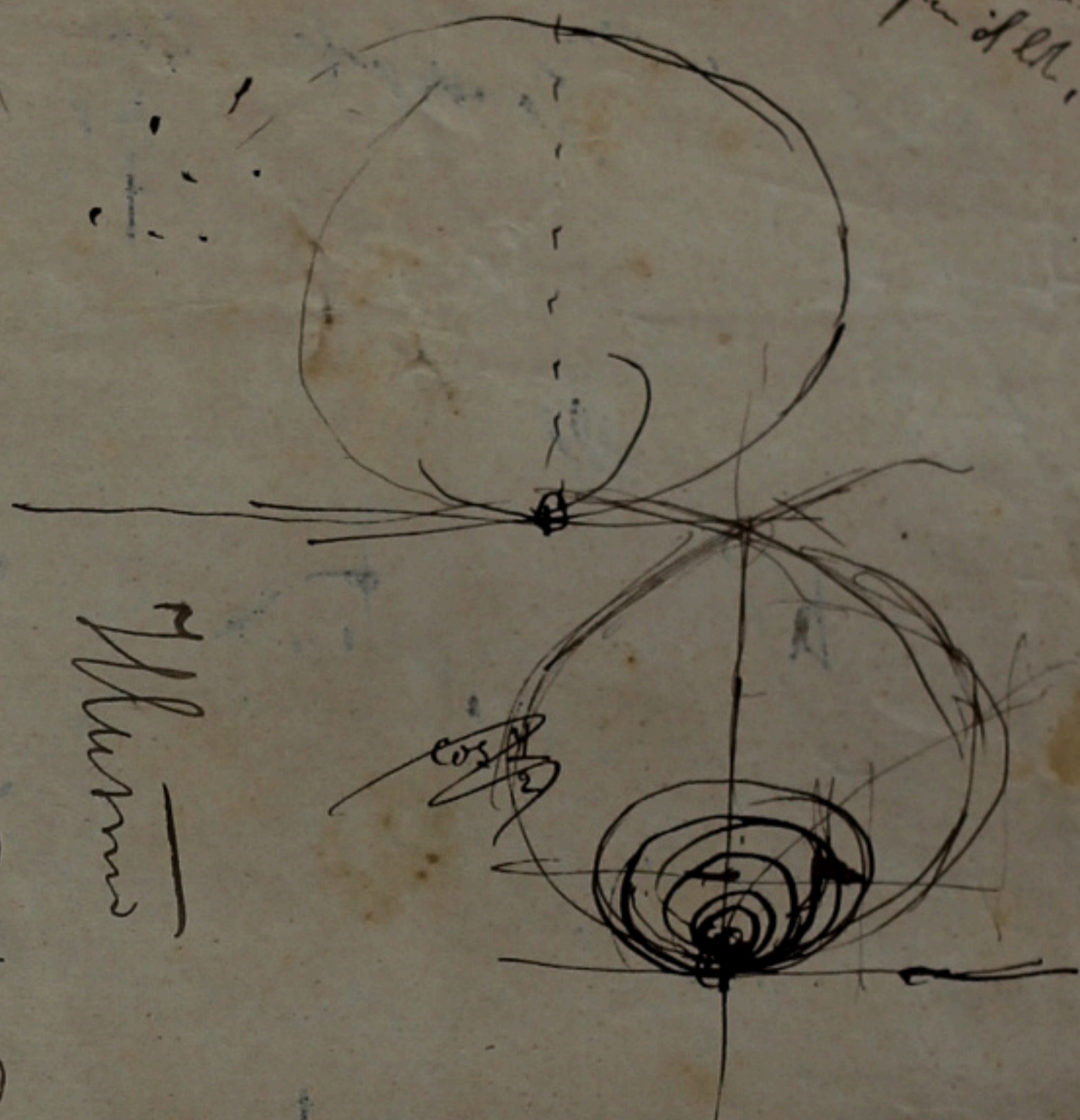
$$\int_0^{\pi} (w-aw) \frac{\cos \frac{\omega}{2}}{\sin \frac{\omega}{2}} dw = \pi$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} w \frac{\cos \frac{\omega}{2}}{\sin \frac{\omega}{2}} dw = \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1-\cos \omega}{2 \sin \frac{\omega}{2}} dw = \pi$$

$$-2 \int_0^{\pi} \frac{dw}{\sin \frac{\omega}{2}} + \pi = -\pi$$

Exp. h. d'la...
 Am. la debite inf...
 a. Nym. ca. d...
 - fun. d' M; M...

1999
 1999



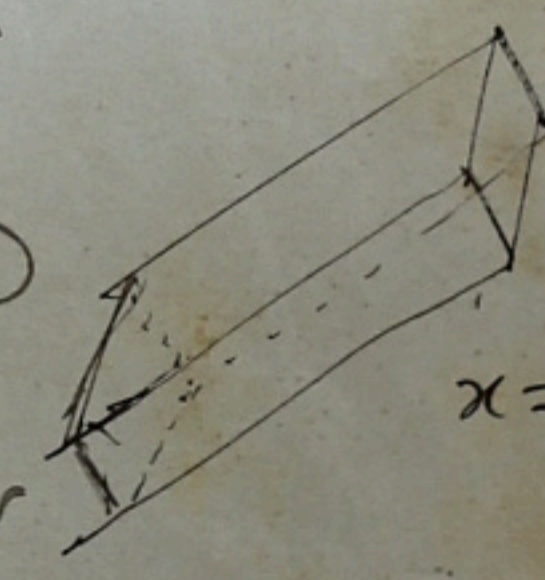
2
4
10
10

Murina
 High Prof

Quinto Cesario

$s = F(z, z)$

Fiengar



$$x = \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\cos 2\varphi}{(1 - e^{i\varphi})^2} d\varphi$$

$$y = \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin 2\varphi}{(1 - e^{i\varphi})^2} d\varphi$$

2 2 2
 2 2 2
 2 2 2

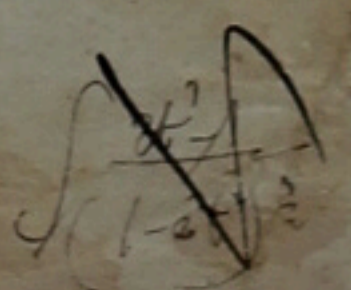
$$y = \frac{2}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^{i2}\varphi}} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{d\varphi} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^{i\varphi}}} = -\frac{e^{i\varphi}}{2(\sqrt{1-e^{i\varphi}})^3}$$

$$\int \frac{2\cos\varphi - 1}{(1 - e^{i\varphi})^{\frac{3}{2}}} d\varphi$$

cos φ = t

$$y = -\frac{2}{e^2} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^{i\varphi}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^2}} \right]$$



Rombo
 Rombo