

$$(1+k)^2 (k^2 - \sin^4 \varphi) - 2k^2 \cos^2 \varphi (k^2 - \sin^4 \varphi) (1 - \sin^2 \varphi)$$

$$k^2(1+k)^2 - (1+k)^2 \sin^4 \varphi - 2k^4 \cos^2 \varphi + 2k^2 \sin^2 \varphi \cos^2 \varphi$$

$$- 2k^4 + 2k^2 (1+k^2) \sin^2 \varphi - 2k^2 \sin^4 \varphi$$

$$(1+k)^2 (k^2 - \sin^4 \varphi) - 2k (k^2 - \sin^4 \varphi) \cos^2 \varphi$$

$$(1+k)^2 k^2 - (1+k)^2 \sin^4 \varphi - 2k^3 \cos^2 \varphi + 2k \sin^2 \varphi \cos^2 \varphi$$

$$- 2k^3$$

$$[(1+k)^2 k^2 - (1+k)^2] \sin^4 \varphi +$$

$$+ [(1+k)^2 k^2$$

Read it ~~again~~ ^{much}, not a single time, but
 again and again; you will find
 it a very "neutral" ~~book~~
 book, an intellectual
 "bovzil" ^{is}

I hear ^{that} there is
 "they want more"

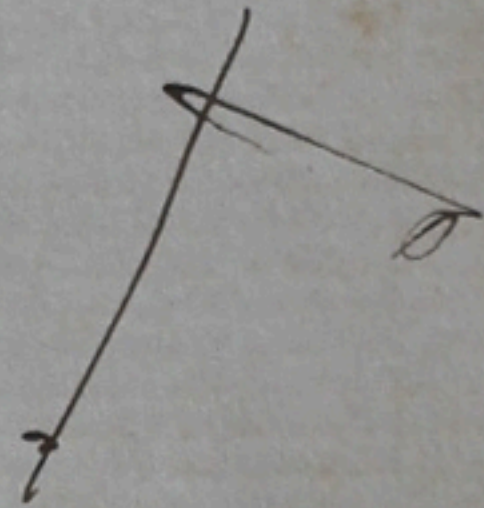
My dear Mr. Golla,
 Thank you for your kind
 card. I am pleased to know you
 have brought "Clausius" ^(or) ~~book~~
 with you, and I am entertaining
 myself with a ~~course~~ ^{course} interesting
 book on "the sub-mer..." by
 Orin Ray - To me, I think
 you should go to history
 Congress. If he has put on his II,
 you will enjoy a cup of it. -
 "Below Farm" and be

p. 70-71.

$$\varphi = \int \frac{ds}{s}$$

(to verify) $\operatorname{tg} \varphi = \frac{k \operatorname{sen} \frac{\lambda}{a}}{1 - k \operatorname{cos} \frac{\lambda}{a}}$ ($\varphi = \frac{\pi}{2}$?)

$$R = a \sqrt{1+k^2 - 2k \operatorname{cos} \frac{\lambda}{a}}$$



$$\operatorname{tg} \varphi = \frac{2k \operatorname{tg} \frac{\lambda}{2a} \operatorname{cos}^2 \frac{\lambda}{2a}}{1 - k (\operatorname{cos}^2 \frac{\lambda}{2a} - \operatorname{sin}^2 \frac{\lambda}{2a})} = \frac{2k \operatorname{tg} \frac{\lambda}{2a} \operatorname{cos}^2 \frac{\lambda}{2a}}{(1-k) \operatorname{cos}^2 \frac{\lambda}{2a} + (1+k) \operatorname{sin}^2 \frac{\lambda}{2a}}$$

$$(1+k) \operatorname{sin}^2 \frac{\lambda}{2a} - 2k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \cdot \operatorname{tg} \frac{\lambda}{2a} + (1-k) = 0$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \frac{\lambda}{2a} = \frac{k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \pm \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - (1-k^2)}}{1+k}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \frac{\lambda}{2a} = \frac{k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \pm \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi}}{(1+k) \operatorname{sin} \varphi}$$

$$\operatorname{cos} \frac{\lambda}{a} = \frac{1 - \frac{(k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \pm \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi})^2}{(1+k)^2 \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi}}{1 + \frac{(k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \pm \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi})^2}{(1+k)^2 \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi}} = \frac{(1+k)^2 \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi - k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - k^2 + \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi \pm 2k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi}}{(1+k)^2 \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi + k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi + k^2 - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi \pm 2k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi}}$$

$$1+k^2 - 2k \operatorname{cos}^2 \frac{\lambda}{a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(1+k) \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi - 2k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi \pm 2k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi} \\ & 2k(1+k) \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi + 2k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi \pm 2k \operatorname{cot} \varphi \sqrt{k^2 \operatorname{cot}^2 \varphi - \operatorname{sin}^2 \varphi} \end{aligned}$$